To: From: Sent: Subject:	Tina Laidlaw/MO/R8/USEPA/US@EPA[] "Suplee, Mike" Fri 6/1/2012 8:23:29 PM RE: Draft TMDL language
Hi Tina;	
I came up v best.	vith the same basic idea on different words (below). I'll study both to see which would work
Please call	be at my office (444-0831) we need to discuss your suggestion of Factor 3 language
time a base current leve that the wa	red TMDL that provides a wastewater treatment facility a zero waste load allocation during the enumeric nutrient standard applies, that indicates that the wastewater treatment facility's el of treatment is sufficient to achieve a base numeric nutrient standard, or that demonstrates astewater treatment facility is an insignificant nutrient load to the receiving waterbody he need for the permittee to receive a nutrient standards variance."
Sent: Friday To: Suplee,	Laidlaw [mailto:Laidlaw.Tina@epamail.epa.gov] y, June 01, 2012 2:21 PM Mike aft TMDL language
Mike,	
Part B. See	this look to you for the TMDL language. We were thinking it could fix in Section 2 of Circular 12 what you think. This was wordsmithed by me, Dave Moon and reveiwed by one of our Hope it helps.
Tina	
The Department must review the general variance treatment requirements every 3 years to assure that the justification for their adoption remains valid. There may be situations where a point source discharge does not need to reduce its load to the degree required by a general variance in order to attain WQS. If an EPA approved TMDL has been completed for the waterbody and the wasteload allocation (WLA) is less	

stringent than the general variance interim effluent limit concentrations, then the reasonable potential

determination and any necessary WQBELs may be written to the WLA because in that scenario the interim effluent limit is more stringent than necessary to attain the designated use.

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